# INDIAN FREEDOM STRUGGLE II (1917 – 1947) BASED INDIAN HISTORY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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independence?	no was	nanged	tor	India
a) Shaukat Ali				
b) Mohammad Ali				
c) Ashfaque-ullah-Khan				
d) Azizuddin				
Q2. In which one of the following sessions of the 'Poorna Swaraj' was declared the goal of Congress?	Indian	National	Cor	ngress
a) Karachi				
b) Lahore 1929				
c) Delhi				
d) Bombay				

### Q3. Consider the following statements in regards to Swaraj Party:

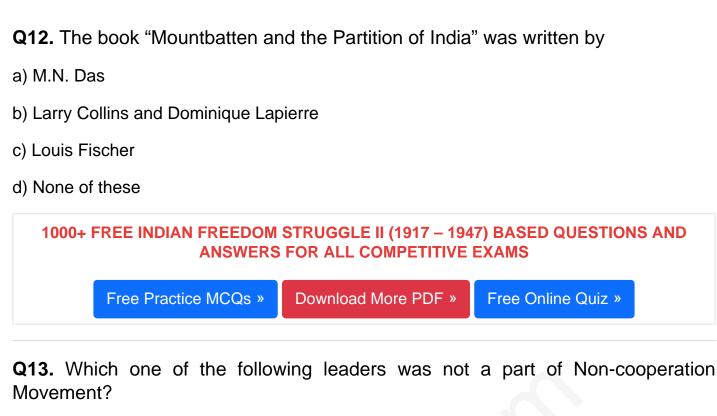
- Swaraj Party was formed out of Congress to function as an independent political party.
- The Swarajist believed in participation of the council elections.
- Swarajist got the majority in November 1923 election due to which they were able to out vote the government in central assembly repeatedly.

Which	of the	statements	given above	is/are correct?
١ -				

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Q4. Which one of the following had seconded the 'Quit India Resolution' of 1942?							
a) Rajendra Prasad							
b) A. K. Azad							
c) Sardar Vallabhabhai Patel							
d) Jawahar Lal Nehru							
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Q5. Who said, 'Imperialism is dead as dodo'?							
a) Winston Churchill							
b) Ramje Macdonald							
c) Clement Attlee							
d) Lord Wavell							
Q6. Who presided over the first session of All India Kisan Sabha?							
a) Swami Shradhanand							
b) Swami Sahajanand							
c) Indulal Yajnik							
d) N.N. Ranga							
Q7. Who among the following attended all the Three Round Table Conferences?							
a) Bhimrao Ambedkar							
b) Mahatma Gandhi							
c) Vallabhbhai Patel							
d) Jawaharlal Nehru							

Q8. Where did Baba Ramchandra organise the farmers?
a) Bihar
b) Awadh
c) Bengal
d) Andra
Q9. Arrange the following events in chronological order and choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
<ul><li>A. Amritsar Incident</li><li>B. Chauri Chaura Incident</li><li>C. Champaran Movement</li><li>D. Moplah Revolt</li></ul>
Codes: a) B, A, C, D
b) A, B, C, D
c) C, A, D, B
d) C, A, B, D
Q10. Who was called the Iron man of India?
a) Subhash Chandra Bose
b) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
d) Lala Lajpat Rai
Q11. Where was the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association founded in 1928?
a) Delhi
b) Kanpur
c) Allahabad
d) Lahore



- a) M.A. Jinnah
- b) M.A. Ansari
- c) Abul Kalam Azad
- d) Hakim Ajamal Khan

Q14. Which of the following statement(s) is / are correct?

- Subhash Chandra Bose became president of the Congress in 1938 and 1939
- He formed the Forward Bloc in 1936.

Select the answer from the codes given below:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2 both
- d) None

Q15. Aruna Asaf Ali was connected with which one of the following movements as a woman organiser of underground activity?

a) Non-cooperation Movement

- b) Civil Disobedience Movement
- c) Quit India Movement
- d) Swadeshi Movement

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#### Answers to the above questions:

#### Q1. Answer: (c)

Ashfaque-ullah Khan the first recorded Muslim revolutionary who was hanged for India's independence.

#### Q2. Answer: (b)

In the Lahore 1929 session of the Indian National Congress, 'Poorna Swaraj' was declared the goal of Congress. In the prevailing atmosphere of restlessness, the annual session of the Congress was held at Lahore in December 1929.

During this session presided over by Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress passed the Poorna Swaraj resolution. Moreover, as the government failed to accept the Nehru Report, Congress gave a call to launch the Civil Disobedience Movement.

#### Q3. Answer: (a)

Both the Swarajists and the No-Changers were engaged in a fierce political struggle, but both were determined to avoid the disastrous experience of the 1907 split at Surat. On the advice of Gandhi, the two groups decided to remain in the Congress but to work in their separate ways. There was no basic difference between the two. Swarajist members were elected to the councils.

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Q4. Answer: (d)

J.L. Nehru had seconded the "Quit India Resolution" of 1942.

Q5. Answer: (c)

Clement Attlee said "Imperialism is dead as dodo."

Q6. Answer: (b)

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati presided over the first session of All India Kisan Sabha.

#### Q7. Answer: (a)

• Dr. Ambedkar attended all the three Round Table Conferences in London and forcefully argued for the welfare of the "untouchables". Meanwhile, the British Government decided to hold provincial elections in 1937.

• Dr. B.R. Ambedkar set up the "Independent Labor Party" in August 1936 to contest the elections in the Bombay province. He and many candidates of his party were elected to the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

#### Q8. Answer: (b)

Baba Ramchandra organised the farmers of Awadh.

#### Q9. Answer: (c)

The correct chronological orders of the events are:

- 1. Champaran Movement 1917
- 2. Amritsar Incident 1919
- 3. Moplah Revolt 1921
- 4. Chauri Chaura Incident 1922

#### Q10. Answer: (b)

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was called the Iron man of India. Sardar Patel was a man of principles. A fierce nationalist, he never believed in compromising with his core philosophy of 'nation first'. Basically, it was his success in integrating around 565 princely states after independence that got him the sobriquet of 'Iron Man'.

#### **Q11.** Answer: (a)

Hindustan socialist Republican Association before 1928 was known as the Hindustan Republican Association. It is reckoned as one amongst the Indian independence associations during the time of freedom struggle. Bhagat Singh, Yogendra Shukla and Chandrasekar Azad were the key functionaries of Hindustan Socialist Republic Association.

#### Q12. Answer: (b)

The book "Mountbatten and the Partition of India" was written by Larry Colling and Dominique Lapierre.

#### Q13. Answer: (a)

M.A. Jinnah was not a part of Non-cooperation Movement.

#### Q14. Answer: (c)

Subhash Chandra Bose was elected as president of the Congress for the second time in 1939 which was not supported by Mahatma Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi went on a fast unto death. Bose quit the Congress and formed the Forward Bloc in 1939.

#### Q15. Answer: (c)

Aruna Asaf Ali was connected with Quit India Movement. The members of the Socialist Party including Ram Manohar Lohia, Jayaprakash Narayan and Aruna Asaf Ali started consolidating underground networks. The role of the underground movement was seen as one keeping up popular morale by providing a line of command and guidance to activists across the country.

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